



WALBERTON PARISH COUNCIL

Adopted on: 18 July 2017

Last amended on: Original

Standing Orders that are in bold type contain statutory requirements.

How to use these Standing Orders

Standing Orders are the written rules of Walberton Parish Council. They are used to confirm the Council's internal organisational, administrative and procurement procedures and procedural matters for meetings. They are not the same as the policies of a Council but they may refer to them.

Meetings of full Council, councillors, and the Responsible Financial Officer / Proper Officer are subject to statutory requirements. Walberton Parish Council has Standing Orders to confirm those statutory requirements and also has Standing Orders to control the number, place, quorum, notices and other procedures for committee and sub-committee meetings.

Standing Orders that are in bold type contain statutory requirements. It is recommended that councils adopt them without changing them. Other model Standing Orders not in bold are designed to help councils operate effectively but do not contain statutory requirements so they may be adopted as drafted or amended to suit a Council's needs.

The Standing Orders do not include Financial Regulations. Financial Regulations are standing orders to regulate and control the financial affairs and accounting procedures of Walberton Parish Council. The Financial Regulations, as opposed to the Standing Orders of a Council, include most of the requirements relevant to the Responsible Financial Officer.

Index of Standing Orders

1. Rules of Debate at Meetings.	Page 2
2. Disorderly Conduct at Meetings.	Page 4
3. Meetings Generally.	Page 4
4. Committees and Sub-committees.	Page 6
5. Ordinary Council Meetings.	Page 7

6. Extraordinary Meetings of the Council and Committees and Sub-committees.	Page 9
7. Previous Resolutions.	Page 9
8. Voting on Appointments.	Page 9
9. Motions for a Meeting that Require Written Notice to be Given to the Proper Officer.	Page 10
10. Motions at a Meeting that do not Require Written Notice.	Page 10
11. Handling Confidential or Sensitive information.	Page 11
12. Draft Minutes.	Page 11
13. Code of Conduct and Dispensations.	Page 11
14. Code of Conduct Complaints.	Page 12
15. Proper Officer.	Page 13
16. Responsible Financial Officer.	Page 14
17. Accounts and Accounting Statements.	Page 14
18. Financial Controls and Procurement.	Page 15
19. Handling Staff Matters.	Page 16
20. Requests for Information.	Page 17
21. Relations with the Press/Media.	Page 17
22. Execution and Sealing of Legal Deeds.	Page 17
23. Communicating with District and County Councillors.	Page 17
24. Restrictions on Councillor Activities.	Page 17
25. Standing Orders Generally.	Page 17

1. Rules of Debate at Meetings

1. Motions on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the chair of the meeting. For the purposes of these Standing Orders the term 'Chair' refers to the person chairing the meeting and is interchangeable with the term 'Chairman'.
2. A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved and seconded.
3. A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the chair of the meeting as withdrawn.
4. If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
5. An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.
6. If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.

7. An amendment shall not be considered unless early verbal notice of it is given at the meeting and, if requested by the chair of the meeting, is expressed in writing to the Chair.
8. A councillor may move an amendment to his own motion if agreed by the meeting. If a motion has already been seconded, the amendment shall be with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
9. If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the Chair.
10. Subject to Standing order 1(11) below, only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the Chair of the meeting.
11. One or more amendments may be discussed together if the Chair of the meeting considers this expedient, but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
12. A councillor may not move more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion.
13. The mover of an amendment has no right of reply at the end of debate on it.
14. Where a series of amendments to an original motion are carried, the mover of the original motion shall have a right of reply either at the end of debate of the first amendment or at the very end of debate on the final substantive motion immediately before it is put to the vote.
15. Unless permitted by the Chair of the meeting, a councillor may speak only once in the debate on a motion except:
 - a) to speak on an amendment moved by another councillor;
 - b) to move or speak on another amendment if the motion has been amended since he last spoke;
 - c) to make a point of order;
 - d) to give a personal explanation; or
 - e) in exercise of a right of reply.
16. During the debate of a motion, a councillor may interrupt only on a point of order or a personal explanation, and the councillor who was interrupted shall stop speaking. A councillor raising a point of order shall identify the standing order which he considers has been breached or specify the other irregularity in the proceedings of the meeting he is concerned by.
17. A point of order shall be decided by the Chair of the meeting and his decision shall be final.
18. When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
 - a) to amend the motion;
 - b) to proceed to the next business;
 - c) to adjourn the debate;
 - d) to put the motion to a vote;
 - e) to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting;
 - f) to refer a motion to a committee or sub-committee for consideration;
 - g) to exclude the public and press;
 - h) to adjourn the meeting; or

- i) to suspend a particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory requirements.
19. Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the Chair of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated and that the mover of the motion under debate has exercised or waived his right of reply.
20. Excluding motions moved under Standing order 1(18) above, the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed three minutes without the consent of the Chair of the meeting.

2. Disorderly Conduct at Meetings

1. No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this Standing Order is ignored, the Chair of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.
2. If person(s) disregard the request of the Chair to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the Chair may move that the person be no longer heard or be excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
3. If a resolution made under standing order 2(2) above is ignored, the Chair may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.

3. Meetings Generally

1. Meetings of the Council shall be held at the Council Office, The Pavilion, The Street, Walberton, BN18 0PQ at 6.30pm unless the Council otherwise decides in advance. **Council meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost. Meetings shall not exceed 2 hours, unless by resolution this Standing Order is suspended. Any matters not considered shall be adjourned to the beginning of the next meeting.**
2. **The minimum three clear days for notice of a Council meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.**
3. **The minimum three clear days' public notice for a committee meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting unless the meeting is convened at shorter notice.**
4. **Council and Committee meetings shall be open to the public and press unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public and press's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.**

5. Members of the public may, when invited to do so, make representations, answer questions and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend in respect of the business on the agenda.
6. The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with Standing Order 3(5) above shall not exceed 15 minutes unless directed by the Chair of the meeting.
7. Subject to standing order 3(6) above, a member of the public shall not speak for more than three minutes without leave from the Chair of the meeting, and no group of speakers shall speak on the same or a similar subject for more than 10 minutes.
8. In accordance with standing order 3(5) above, a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The Chair may direct that a written or oral response be given.
9. A member of the public shall raise his hand when requesting to speak. The Chair may request the person stand when speaking.
10. A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct his comments to the Chair.
11. Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the Chair shall direct the order of speaking.
12. Photographing, recording, broadcasting or transmitting the proceedings of a meeting is usually permitted. However, members of the public and particularly children may not be photographed whether in a cinematographic format or single photographs. Broadcast companies are requested to consult with the Council to ensure that reasonable facilities are available. (See Standing Order 3(n) below)
13. **The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a Council or Committee meeting at which they are entitled to be present.**
14. **Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chair of the Council may in his absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chair of the Council.**
15. **The Chair, if present, shall preside at a Council meeting. If the Chair is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chair, if present, shall preside. If both the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.**
16. **Subject to a Council or Committee meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors present and voting.**
17. **The Chair of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise his casting vote whether or not he gave an original vote. (See standing orders 5(i) and (j) below for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chair of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council.)**
18. **Unless Standing Orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave his vote for or against that question.** Such a request shall be made before moving on to the next item of business on the agenda.
19. The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:

- a) the time and place of the meeting;
 - b) the names of councillors present and absent;
 - c) interests that have been declared by councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - d) whether a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;
 - e) if there was a public participation session; and
 - f) the resolutions made.
20. **A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the Council's code of conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on his right to participate and vote on that matter.**
21. **No business may be transacted at a Council meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three**, but a motion to suspend Standing Orders shall not be moved without a resolution agreed by five members. *(See standing order 4d(viii) below for the quorum of a committee or sub-committee meeting.)*
22. **If a Council or Committee meeting is or becomes inquorate then no business shall be transacted** and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.
23. A meeting shall not exceed a period of two hours.

4. Committees and Sub-committees

1. The Council may at the annual meeting appoint Standing Committees and may at any time appoint other Committees as are necessary, but subject to any statutory provision in that behalf:
 - a) shall not appoint any member of a Committee so as to hold office later than the next annual meeting, and
 - b) may at any time dissolve or alter the membership of the Committee.
2. Other than the Finance & Legal Committee, all Committee meetings shall be public meetings unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public and press's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.
3. The composition of the Council's Committees shall be such that every Councillor shall be able to sit on at least one Committee. Volunteers shall be called for to be represented on Committees at the Annual Meeting of the Council, but in the event of more representatives than required, the Council shall vote as to who shall be represented.
4. The Standing Committees shall be as follows:
 - a) FINANCE & LEGAL COMMITTEE shall consist of – The Chair and Vice-Chair of Council, plus two or three councillors. The Finance Committee is responsible for managing financial matters in accordance with the Financial Regulations, and for Legal affairs.

- b) GENERAL PURPOSES COMMITTEE - shall consist of the Chair and Vice Chair of Council, plus four or more other Councillors. Ideally each councillor should be given responsibility for overseeing or being the contact point for specific areas of community activity in which the Council is concerned. It will be responsible for any matter that does not fall within the remit of any other committee.
- c) PLANNING COMMITTEE – shall consist of the Chair of the council, and four or more other councillors. It shall have delegated powers to formulate comments on planning applications on behalf of the Council. It shall oversee and report on the work of any sub-committees appointed.
- d) HR Committee – Three councillors responsible for HR matters.
5. Further Committees may be appointed as and when considered necessary.
 6. The Chair and Vice Chair of the Council shall be ex-officio members of each Committee of the Council except the Finance and Legal Committee where they are full members.
 7. **Unless the Council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.**
 8. **The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the Council.**
 9. **Unless the Council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-councillors.**

5. Ordinary Council Meetings

1. **In an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the new councillors elected take office.**
2. **In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on such day in May as the Council may direct.**
3. **In addition to the annual meeting of the Council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council directs.**
4. **The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the Council shall be the election of the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Council.**
5. **The Chair of the Council, unless he has resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until his successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
6. **The Vice-Chair of the Council, if any, unless he resigns or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chair of the Council at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
7. **In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the Council, he shall preside at the meeting until a successor Chair of the Council has been elected. The current Chair of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council but must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**

8. **In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the Council, he shall preside at the meeting until a new Chair of the Council has been elected. He may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council and must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**
9. Following the election of the Chair of the Council and Vice-Chair of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council, the business of the annual meeting shall include:
- a) **In an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council of his acceptance of office form unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date;**
 - b) To appoint Standing Committees.
 - c) Appointment of members to each committee.
 - d) To consider any payment of subscription falling to be paid annually.
 - e) To appoint one representative as Trustee of Walberton Village Hall.
 - f) To appoint one representative as Trustee of Walberton Playcentre.
 - g) To appoint representatives to external committees where the council is permitted, and it is in its interests to do so. The delegated powers of representatives will be defined by resolution on a case by case basis.
 - h) To appoint representatives to the following:
 - 1. Community Resilience
 - 2. Walberton Task Force
 - 3. Allotment Association
 - 4. Environmental and Green matters
 - i) Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the Council;
 - j) Receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of committees;
 - k) Consideration of the recommendations made by committees;
 - l) Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities;
 - m) Review of the terms of reference for committees;
 - n) Appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 4 above;
 - o) Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;
 - p) Review of arrangements, including any charters and agency agreements, with other local authorities and review of contributions made to expenditure incurred by other local authorities;
 - q) In an election year, to make arrangements for the Council to become eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future;
 - r) Review of inventory of land and assets including buildings and office equipment;
 - s) Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insured risks;

- t) Review of the Council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies;
- u) Review of the Council's complaints procedure;
- v) Review of the Council's procedures for handling requests made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Data Protection Act 2018;
- w) Review of the Council's policy for dealing with the press/media; and
- x) Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the full Council up to and including the next annual meeting of full Council.

6. Extraordinary Meetings of the Council and Committees and Sub-committees

1. **The Chair of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.**
2. **If the Chair of the Council does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two councillors.**
3. The Chair of a committee or a sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee or the sub-committee at any time.
4. If the Chair of a committee or a sub-committee does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting within five days of having been requested by to do so by two members of the committee or the sub-committee, any two members of the committee and the sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of a committee and a sub-committee.

7. Previous Resolutions

1. A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least two councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9 below, or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee or a sub-committee.
2. When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 7(1) above has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved within a further six months.

8. Voting on Appointments

1. Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council and none of those persons has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process shall continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes may be settled by the casting vote exercisable by the Chair of the meeting.

9. Motions for a Meeting that Require Written Notice to be Given to the Proper Officer

1. A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting which it is tabled for and in any event shall relate to the performance of the Council's statutory functions, powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the Council's area or its residents.
2. No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least three clear days before the meeting. Clear days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting.
3. The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda received in accordance with standing order 9(2) above, correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.
4. If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 9(2) above is not clear in meaning, the motion shall be rejected until the mover of the motion resubmits it in writing to the Proper Officer so that it can be understood at least two clear days before the meeting.
5. If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer shall consult with the Chair of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion shall be included in the agenda or rejected.
6. Subject to standing order 9(5) above, the decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda shall be final.
7. Motions received shall be recorded in a book and numbered in the order that they are received.
8. Motions rejected shall be recorded in a book with an explanation by the Proper Officer for their rejection.

10. Motions at a Meeting that do not Require Written Notice

1. The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer;
 - a) to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting;
 - b) to move to a vote;
 - c) to defer consideration of a motion;
 - d) to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee;
 - e) to appoint a person to preside at a meeting;
 - f) to change the order of business on the agenda;
 - g) to proceed to the next business on the agenda;
 - h) to require a written report;
 - i) to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members;
 - j) to extend the time limits for speaking;

- k) to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or sensitive information which is prejudicial to the public interest;
- l) to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public;
- m) to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct;
- n) to temporarily suspend the meeting;
- o) to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory requirements);
- p) to adjourn the meeting; or
- q) to close a meeting.

11. Handling Confidential or Sensitive information

1. The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential or sensitive information which for special reasons would not be in the public interest.
2. Councillors and staff shall not disclose confidential or sensitive information which for special reasons would not be in the public interest.

12. Draft Minutes

1. If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read.
2. There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with standing order 10(1)(a) above.
3. The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the Chair of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
4. If the Chair of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, he shall sign the minutes and include a paragraph in the following terms or to the same effect:
5. "The Chair of this meeting does not believe that the minutes of the meeting of the (Council or '.....' Committee) held on [date] in respect of () were a correct record but his view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings."
6. Upon a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed.

13. Code of Conduct and Dispensations

1. All councillors and non-councillors with voting rights shall observe the code of conduct adopted by the Council.

2. Unless he has been granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which he has a disclosable pecuniary interest. The Councillor or Non-councillor may however, where the meeting is a meeting to which the public are permitted to attend and that the public have not been excluded by Standing Order 3(b), sit within the area set aside for the public to attend the meeting and he may answer questions from members attending the meeting on matters of fact. He may return to the meeting as a member after it has considered the matter in which he had the interest. The Councillor or Non-councillor shall not vote on any matter for which he has a disclosable pecuniary interest unless he has been granted a dispensation.
3. **Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer** as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
4. A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation shall be made by a meeting of the Council, or committee or sub-committee for which the dispensation is required, and that decision is final.
5. A dispensation request shall confirm:
 - a) the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest to which the request for the dispensation relates;
 - b) whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote;
 - c) the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding four years) for which the dispensation is sought; and
 - d) an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
 - e) Subject to standing orders 13(d) above, dispensations requests shall be considered [by the Proper Officer before the meeting or, if this is not possible, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required] OR [at the beginning of the meeting of the Council, or committee or a sub-committee for which the dispensation is required].
1. **A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 13(5) above if having regard to all relevant circumstances the following applies:**
 - a) **without the dispensation, the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business or**
 - b) **granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the Council's area or**
 - c) **it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.**

14. Code of Conduct Complaints

1. Upon notification by Arun District Council that it is dealing with a complaint that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Proper Officer shall, subject to standing order 11 above, report this to the Council.

2. Where the notification in standing order 14(1) above relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chair of Council of this fact, and the Chair may nominate another person to assume the duties of the Proper Officer until it has been determined and the Council has agreed what action, if any, to take in accordance with standing order 14(d) below].
3. The Council may:
 - a) provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to progress an investigation of the complaint or is required by law;
 - b) seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter.
1. **Upon notification by Arun District Council that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Council shall consider what, if any, action to take against him. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office.**

15. Proper Officer

1. The Proper Officer shall be (i) the Parish Clerk or (ii) other staff member nominated by the Council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer when the Proper Officer is absent.
2. The Proper Officer shall:
 - a) **at least three clear days before a meeting of the Council, a committee and a sub-committee serve on councillors a summons, by email, confirming the time, place and the agenda provided any such email contains the electronic signature and title of the Proper Officer; (See standing order 3(b) above for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full Council and standing order 3 (c) above for a meeting of a committee.)**
 - b) **give public notice of the time, place and agenda at least three clear days before a meeting of the Council or a meeting of a committee or a sub-committee provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by councillors is signed by them; (See standing order 3(b) above for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full Council and standing order 3(c) above for a meeting of a committee.)**
 - c) subject to standing order 9 above, include on the agenda all motions in the order received unless a councillor has given written notice at least three days before the meeting confirming his withdrawal of it;
 - d) **convene a meeting of full Council for the election of a new Chair of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in his office;**
 - e) facilitate inspection of the minute book by local government electors;
 - f) **receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities;**
 - g) retain acceptance of office forms from councillors;
 - h) retain a copy of every councillor's register of interests;

- i) assist with responding to requests made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and Data Protection Act 2018, in accordance with and subject to the Council's policies and procedures relating to the same;
- j) receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the Council except where there is a resolution to the contrary;
- k) manage the organisation, storage of, access to and destruction of information held by the Council in paper and electronic form;
- l) arrange for legal deeds to be executed; (*See also standing order 22 below.*)
- m) arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the Council in accordance with the Council's financial regulations;
- n) record every planning application notified to the Council and the Council's response to the local planning authority in a book for such purpose;
- o) refer a planning application received by the Council to the Chair or in his absence Vice-Chair of the Planning Committee within two working days of receipt to facilitate an extraordinary meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Planning Committee;
- p) manage access to information about the Council via the publication scheme; and
- q) retain custody of the seal of the Council which shall not be used without a resolution to that effect. (*See also standing order 22 below.*)

16. Responsible Financial Officer

1. The Responsible Financial Officer for the council shall be the Proper Officer.

17. Accounts and Accounting Statements

1. "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – a Practitioners' Guide.
2. All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council's financial regulations.
3. The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor as soon as practicable after 30th June, 30th September and 31st December in each year a statement to summarise:
 - a) the Council's receipts and payments for each quarter;
 - b) the Council's aggregate receipts and payments for the year to date; and
 - c) the balances held at the end of the quarter being reported and which includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.
4. As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
 - a) each councillor with a statement summarising the Council's receipts and payments for the last quarter and the year to date for information; and

- b) to the full Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 1 of the annual return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
5. The year-end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and applying the form of accounts determined by the Council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for a year to 31st March. A completed draft annual return shall be presented to each councillor before the end of the following month of May. The annual return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to Council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

18. Financial Controls and Procurement

1. The Council shall consider and approve Financial Regulations drawn up by the Responsible Financial Officer, which shall include detailed arrangements in respect of the following:
- a) the keeping of accounting records and systems of internal controls;
 - b) the assessment and management of financial risks faced by the Council;
 - c) the work of the independent internal auditor in accordance with proper practices and the receipt of regular reports from the internal auditor, which shall be required at least annually;
 - d) policies (subject to standing order 18(c) below) including the setting of values for different procedures where a contract has an estimated value of less than £5,000.
2. Financial Regulations shall be reviewed regularly and at least annually for fitness of purpose.
- 3. Financial Regulations shall confirm that a proposed contract for the supply of goods, materials, services and the execution of works with an estimated value in excess of £10,000 shall be procured on the basis of a formal tender as summarised in standing order 18(4) below.**
4. Subject to additional requirements in the financial regulations of the Council, the tender process for contracts for the supply of goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall include, as a minimum, the following steps:
- a) a specification for the goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall be drawn up;
 - b) an invitation to tender shall be drawn up to confirm (i) the Council's specification (ii) the time, date and address for the submission of tenders (iii) the date of the Council's written response to the tender and (iv) the prohibition on prospective contractors contacting councillors or staff to encourage or support their tender outside the prescribed process;
 - c) the invitation to tender shall be advertised in a local newspaper and in any other manner that is appropriate;
 - d) tenders are to be submitted in writing in a sealed marked envelope addressed to the Proper Officer;
 - e) tenders shall be opened by the Proper Officer in the presence of at least one councillor after the deadline for submission of tenders has passed;
 - f) tenders are to be reported to and considered by the appropriate meeting of the Council or a committee or sub-committee with delegated responsibility.

5. Neither the Council, nor a committee or a sub-committee with delegated responsibility for considering tenders, is bound to accept the lowest value tender, but are responsible for obtaining value for money at all times.
6. Where a contract for work is estimated to be less than £500 the clerk shall, together with the Chair of the spending committee, have authority to proceed. Where a contract for work exceeds £500 but is less than £2,000, a number of quotes should be presented for consideration by the appropriate committee. Where a contract of work exceeds £2000 but is less than £10,000 at least two quotes must be presented for consideration by Full Council. Where a contract for work exceeds £10,000 the process of public tender as at (4) above is required.
- 7. Where the value of a contract is likely to exceed £138,893 (or other threshold specified by the Office of Government Commerce from time to time) the Council must consider whether the Public Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/5), as amended) and the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/6) as amended) apply to the contract and, if either of those Regulations apply, the Council must comply with EU procurement rules.**

19. Handling Staff Matters

1. A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered by a meeting of Council or the HR Committee is subject to standing order 11 above.
2. Subject to the Council's policy regarding absences from work, the Clerk shall notify the Chair of the Council or, if he is not available, the vice-Chair of Council of absence occasioned by illness or other reason and that person shall report such absence to the next Council, HR or Finance Committee meeting.
3. The Chair of the HR Committee shall upon a resolution conduct a review of the performance and annual appraisal of the work of each employee. The reviews and appraisals shall be reported in writing and subject to approval by resolution by the HR Committee.
4. Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, the Clerk shall contact the Council Chair or vice-Chair in respect of an informal or formal grievance matter, and this matter shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the HR Committee.
5. Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, if an informal or formal grievance matter relates to a member of the HR committee this shall be communicated to another member of the HR Committee, which shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the HR Committee.
6. Any persons responsible for all or part of the management of staff shall treat the written records of all meetings relating to their performance, capabilities, grievance or disciplinary matters as confidential and secure.
7. The Council shall keep all written records relating to employees secure. All paper records shall be secured and locked and electronic records shall be password protected and encrypted.
8. Access and means of access by keys and/or computer passwords to records of employment referred to in standing orders 19(f) and (g) above shall be provided only to Parish Clerk and the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Council.

20. Requests for Information

1. Requests for information held by the Council shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of handling requests under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Data Protection Act 2018.
2. Correspondence from, and notices served by, the Information Commissioner shall be referred by the Proper Officer to the Chairs of the Finance & Legal Committee and General Purposes Committee and copies to the Chair of the Council. The said committee shall have the power to do anything to facilitate compliance with the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

21. Relations with the Press/Media

1. Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy (The Media and Communications Strategy) in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

22. Execution and Sealing of Legal Deeds

1. A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution.
2. Such a deed shall be signed by the Chairman and Vice Chairman in the presence of the Proper Officer who shall sign the deed as a witness.

23. Communicating with District and County Councillors

1. An invitation to attend a meeting of the Council shall be sent, together with the agenda, to the ward councillor(s) of the District and County Council representing the area of the Council.
2. Unless the Council determines otherwise, a copy of each letter sent to the District and County Council shall be sent to the ward councillor(s) representing the area of the Council.

24. Restrictions on Councillor Activities

Unless authorised by a resolution, no councillor shall:

- 1) inspect any land and/or premises which the Council has a right or duty to inspect; or
- 2) issue orders, instructions or directions.

25. Standing Orders Generally

1. All or part of a standing order, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, may be suspended by resolution in relation to the consideration of an item on the agenda for a meeting.
2. A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the Council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least three councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9 above.

3. The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the Council's standing orders to a councillor as soon as possible after he has delivered his acceptance of office form.
4. These standing orders shall be reviewed annually.

(End of Document)

Review history	Date
Draft policy presented to Full Council	18 July 2017
Adopted by Full Council	18 July 2017
Date of review	18 July 2018
Date of review	17 July 2019
Date of next review	17 July 2020